MORIN MODEL

The Morin Model suggests that a person must hold five beliefs in order to change his or her sexual behavior in relation to AIDS and that these beliefs can be directly influenced by educational and motivational programs. The beliefs tend to occur sequentially.

- 1. There must be a belief that AIDS is a personal threat. "I am personally at risk to HIV infection."
 - There must be a belief in prevention. "AIDS is preventable. Certain actions will reduce or eliminate the risk."
 - There must be a belief in personal efficacy. "I am capable of managing these new low risk behaviors, and my life is worth protecting."
- 4. There must be a belief in the possibility of satisfaction. "I can carry out these new behaviors and still be sexually satisfied."
- 5. There must be a belief in the existence of peer support. "My peers will support this new behavior."

The Morin Model acknowledges:

- Absence of one belief reduces the chance of behavior modification.
- These tend to happen one at a time and tend to build on each other.
- People must be capable. (There are those who cannot feel that they are capable of celibacy/abstinence.) We open the realm of possibilities.